

2021-2022 Consent for Influenza Vaccination

Pharmacy :

1	PLEASE PROVIDE COPY OF DRIVER LICENSE , HEALTH INSURANCE and/or MEDICARE CARD (RED & BLUE CARD)					
2	Name: _____ Date of Birth: ____/____/____ Age: ____ Address: _____ City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____ Legal Sex: <input type="radio"/> F <input type="radio"/> M <input type="radio"/> Nonbinary <input type="radio"/> Unknown <input type="radio"/> X Doctor's Name: _____ Phone: _____ - _____ - _____ (Home/Mobile) Email: _____					
3	COVID-19 Screening		Influenza Screening			
	Been diagnosed with COVID-19 within past 10 days (confirmed by positive result)?	Yes	No	Have you received the flu vaccine before?	Yes	No
				Severe reaction to the flu vaccine in the past?	Yes	No
	Fever or chills, cough, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, fatigue, muscle or body aches, headache, new loss of taste or smell, sore throat, congestion or runny nose, nausea or vomiting, diarrhea.	Yes	No	Serious allergy to chicken eggs? <i>If yes, please discuss vaccination options with physician or allergist.</i>	Yes	No
				History of Guillian-Barre Syndrome (GBS)?	Yes	No
				Currently sick with a fever?	Yes	No
4	Participant/Parental Informed Consent Signature By signing, I have received and agreed to the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Received and read the vaccine information sheet (dated 8/6/21) regarding benefits and risks of receiving the Influenza vaccine; • Had the opportunity to have questions answered regarding the vaccine; • Consented to be immunized or have my child immunized; • <i>Understand that if my child is aged less than 9 years, I should consult my physician to determine if a second dose is indicated.</i> <p>I hereby release THIS FLU VACCINE PROVIDER PHARMACY, employees, agents, representatives and assigns, including but not limited to the property owner upon which the event takes place, and its respective parent, subsidiary and affiliated companies, from any and all liability that may be associated with me or my (my child's) receipt of the influenza vaccine.</p> <p>Signature of person being immunized, or authorized representative: X _____ Relationship: _____ Date: ____/____/____</p> <p><i>If under age 18, need parental/guardian consent.</i> Telephone consent witnessed by: _____</p>					
5	FOR INTERNAL USE ONLY					
	<input type="radio"/> Standard (6 months - 64 yrs) <input type="radio"/> FLUAD (> 65 YEAR OLD) <input type="radio"/> Other <input type="radio"/> Refused FluAd	Site: <input type="radio"/> Left Arm <input type="radio"/> Left Leg <input type="radio"/> Right Arm <input type="radio"/> Right Leg	Date: Other: ____/____/____			
	Vaccine Expiration: 2022	Vaccinator Signature and Credentials: _____				
	Rev. 9/9/21 • Version 1	Patient MRN: _____				

Influenza (Flu) Vaccine (Inactivated or Recombinant): *What you need to know*

Many vaccine information statements are available in Spanish and other languages. See www.immunize.org/vis

Hojas de información sobre vacunas están disponibles en español y en muchos otros idiomas. Visite www.immunize.org/vis

1. Why get vaccinated?

Influenza vaccine can prevent **influenza (flu)**.

Flu is a contagious disease that spreads around the United States every year, usually between October and May. Anyone can get the flu, but it is more dangerous for some people. Infants and young children, people 65 years and older, pregnant people, and people with certain health conditions or a weakened immune system are at greatest risk of flu complications.

Pneumonia, bronchitis, sinus infections, and ear infections are examples of flu-related complications. If you have a medical condition, such as heart disease, cancer, or diabetes, flu can make it worse.

Flu can cause fever and chills, sore throat, muscle aches, fatigue, cough, headache, and runny or stuffy nose. Some people may have vomiting and diarrhea, though this is more common in children than adults.

In an average year, **thousands of people in the United States die from flu**, and many more are hospitalized. Flu vaccine prevents millions of illnesses and flu-related visits to the doctor each year.

2. Influenza vaccines

CDC recommends everyone 6 months and older get vaccinated every flu season. **Children 6 months through 8 years of age** may need 2 doses during a single flu season. **Everyone else** needs only 1 dose each flu season.

It takes about 2 weeks for protection to develop after vaccination.

There are many flu viruses, and they are always changing. Each year a new flu vaccine is made to protect against the influenza viruses believed to be likely to cause disease in the upcoming flu season.

Even when the vaccine doesn't exactly match these viruses, it may still provide some protection.

Influenza vaccine **does not cause flu**.

Influenza vaccine may be given at the same time as other vaccines.

3. Talk with your health care provider

Tell your vaccination provider if the person getting the vaccine:

- Has had an **allergic reaction after a previous dose of influenza vaccine**, or has any **severe, life-threatening allergies**
- Has ever had **Guillain-Barré Syndrome** (also called "GBS")

In some cases, your health care provider may decide to postpone influenza vaccination until a future visit.

Influenza vaccine can be administered at any time during pregnancy. People who are or will be pregnant during influenza season should receive inactivated influenza vaccine.

People with minor illnesses, such as a cold, may be vaccinated. People who are moderately or severely ill should usually wait until they recover before getting influenza vaccine.

Your health care provider can give you more information.



U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

4. Risks of a vaccine reaction

- Soreness, redness, and swelling where the shot is given, fever, muscle aches, and headache can happen after influenza vaccination.
- There may be a very small increased risk of Guillain-Barré Syndrome (GBS) after inactivated influenza vaccine (the flu shot).

Young children who get the flu shot along with pneumococcal vaccine (PCV13) and/or DTaP vaccine at the same time might be slightly more likely to have a seizure caused by fever. Tell your health care provider if a child who is getting flu vaccine has ever had a seizure.

People sometimes faint after medical procedures, including vaccination. Tell your provider if you feel dizzy or have vision changes or ringing in the ears.

As with any medicine, there is a very remote chance of a vaccine causing a severe allergic reaction, other serious injury, or death.

5. What if there is a serious problem?

An allergic reaction could occur after the vaccinated person leaves the clinic. If you see signs of a severe allergic reaction (hives, swelling of the face and throat, difficulty breathing, a fast heartbeat, dizziness, or weakness), call **9-1-1** and get the person to the nearest hospital.

For other signs that concern you, call your health care provider.

Adverse reactions should be reported to the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS). Your health care provider will usually file this report, or you can do it yourself. Visit the VAERS website at www.vaers.hhs.gov or call **1-800-822-7967**. *VAERS is only for reporting reactions, and VAERS staff members do not give medical advice.*

6. The National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program

The National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program (VICP) is a federal program that was created to compensate people who may have been injured by certain vaccines. Claims regarding alleged injury or death due to vaccination have a time limit for filing, which may be as short as two years. Visit the VICP website at www.hrsa.gov/vaccinecompensation or call **1-800-338-2382** to learn about the program and about filing a claim.

7. How can I learn more?

- Ask your health care provider.
- Call your local or state health department.
- Visit the website of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for vaccine package inserts and additional information at www.fda.gov/vaccines-blood-biologics/vaccines.
- Contact the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC):
 - Call **1-800-232-4636** (1-800-CDC-INFO) or
 - Visit CDC's website at www.cdc.gov/flu.

